



## Weed Control Firepower for Every Season

PrimeTime™ Herbicide combines the firepower of four active ingredients to deliver outstanding and fast-acting post-emergence control of the toughest broadleaf weeds from early spring to late fall. Apply early season in spring on slow-growing weeds, use in summer for difficult-to-control weeds including goosegrass, and treat in fall for winter cleanup. Expect long-lasting control for cool- and warm-season lawns and golf courses.

### COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES

- Excellent weed control at suboptimal application timings provides one herbicide to use at any time of the growing season – spring, summer or fall
- Fast-acting broadleaf weed control with visible results within hours of application
- Consistent control of more than 250 labeled weeds
- Easy tank-mixing and handling
- Excellent turf tolerance for many warm- and cool-season turfgrasses
- Carfentrazone adds speed of visual injury and confidence of goosegrass and nimblewill control

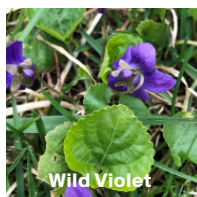
### PRIMETIME ACTIVES

2,4-D & DICAMBA + FLUROXYPYR + CARFENTRAZONE



Plantain

Labeled for  
250+ weeds



Wild Violet

Difficult to Control  
Broadleaves



Goosegrass

Annual  
Grasses

### AT-A-GLANCE INFO

EPA REG. NO.	TBD*
ACTIVE INGR.	2,4-D (1.6 lb/gal), dicamba (0.2 lb/gal), fluroxypyr (0.2 lb/gal), carfentrazone (0.04 lb/gal)
FORMULATION	liquid
CHEM. FAMILY	penoxy, benzoic acid, pyridine, N-phenyl-triazolinones
HRAC NO.	4 and 14
SIGNAL WORD	warning
PACKAGE SIZE	12 x 1 qt tip-n-measure, 2 x 2.5 gal, 30 gal, 250 gal

\*PrimeTime is pending registration by the EPA.



**KEY USES**

Lawns: commercial and residential  
 Parks and athletic fields  
 Golf courses\*  
 Sod farms  
 Industrial areas: roadsides, rights-of-way,  
 railroads, fence rows

\*Not for use on bentgrass greens, tees  
 and aprons

**KEY WEEDS CONTROLLED**

(See product label for complete list)

- |                   |                     |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Bindweed          | Knotweed            |
| Bitterweed        | Lambsquarter        |
| Broomweed         | Mallow              |
| Buckhorn          | Morning glory       |
| Burdock           | Mouse-ear           |
| Burweed           | Nimblewill          |
| Buttercup         | Oxalis              |
| Carolina geranium | Parsley-piert       |
| Carpetweed        | Pearlwort           |
| Catsear           | Pennywort           |
| Chickweed         | Pigweed             |
| Clover            | Plantain            |
| Cudweed           | Poison ivy          |
| Dandelion         | Purslane            |
| Dock              | Rush                |
| Dogbane           | Sheep sorrel        |
| English daisy     | Shepherds purse     |
| Fiddleneck        | Speedwell           |
| Field pansy       | Spotted spurge      |
| Florida betony    | Spurge              |
| Florida pusley    | Thistle             |
| Goosegrass        | Virginia buttonweed |
| Ground ivy        | Virginia pepperweed |
| Hairy bittercress | Wild violet         |
| Hawkweed          | Woodsorrel          |
| Henbit            | Yarrow              |
| Kochia            |                     |

**USE SUMMARY**

	RATE
<p><b>COOL-SEASON TURF</b>                      Incl. Bluegrass spp, Fescue spp, or Ryegrass spp.                      4 pints/A is a good target for most cool season applications. Apply 5-6 pints/A for early spring applications when growth is slow, or for difficult-to-control weeds like wild violet or ground ivy.</p>	4-6 pints/A
<p><b>WARM-SEASON TURF*</b>                      Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, zoysiagrass                      *Do not use on St. Augustinegrass or carpetgrass.</p>	2-4 pints/A
<p><b>BENTGRASS*</b>                      Creeping bentgrass                      Use reduced rates if grass is stressed from heat or drought. Difficult to control weeds may require repeat applications. On closely mowed turf, do not exceed 3 pints/A. Any slight yellowing of the creeping bentgrass turf will disappear after one week. Avoid swath overlaps to minimize grass injury and delay any second application for at least 4 weeks.                      *Do not use on bentgrass greens, tees or aprons.</p>	2-4 pints/A
<p><b>GOOSEGRASS</b>                      Use the higher rate when goosegrass is mature. More mature goosegrass may require a repeat application for complete control - in these cases apply PrimeTime at 3-4 pts/A approximately 3 weeks apart. For Bermudagrass and zoysiagrass, apply a maximum of 3 pts/A. Slight yellowing may occur, but should disappear after 1 week.</p>	3-5 pints/A

**ELMORE, RUTGERS UNIVERSITY, 2022**

PrimeTime was applied twice at 4 pts/A (July 15 and August 13) in a stand of perennial ryegrass where goosegrass had grown to a 1-tiller stage. Pylex® was applied once at 1.5 fl oz/A.

Both treatments provided 100% control of goosegrass.



Untreated                      Pylex® Treated                      PrimeTime Treated



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