



SEKATOR OD

Version 2 / GB
102000008346

1/14
Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name SEKATOR OD
Product code (UVP) 06281230, 85394827

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer CropScience Limited
230 Cambridge Science Park
Milton Road
Cambridge
Cambridgeshire CB4 0WB
United Kingdom

Telephone +44(0)1223 226500

Telefax +44(0)1223 426240

Responsible Department Email: ukcropsupport@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no. 0800-220876 (UK 24 hr)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Skin sensitisation: Category 1
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye irritation: Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

**SEKATOR OD**Version 2 / GB
102000008346

2/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

- Amidosulfuron
- Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium
- Mefenpyr-diethyl
- Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene

**Signal word:** Warning**Hazard statements**

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
 EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
 P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/ physician.
 P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.2 Mixtures****Chemical nature**

Oil dispersion (OD)
 Amidosulfuron-sodium.Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium/Mefenpyr-diethyl 106:25:250 g/l

Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification	Conc. [%]
		REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Amidosulfuron-sodium	596120-00-2	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	9.4
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	2.21
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	22.1
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5 265-198-5 01-2119451097-39-xxxx	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 25

**SEKATOR OD**Version 2 / GB
102000008346

3/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6 265-199-0 01-2119486773-24-xxxx	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 2.5 – < 10
Docusate sodium	577-11-7 209-406-4	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	> 5 – < 20
Fatty alcohol ethoxylated alkyl ether	345642-79-7	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 2.5 – < 10
Sodium carbonate	497-19-8 207-838-8	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	<= 1
Methanol	67-56-1 200-659-6	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H301 STOT SE 1, H370	

Further information

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	M-Factor: 1,000 (acute)
----------------------------	-------------	-------------------------

Substances for which there are Community workplace exposure limits:
Methanol (67-56-1)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. If eye irritation or redness persists, see an ophthalmologist.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion. Rinse mouth.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

 Symptoms	If large amounts are ingested, the following symptoms may occur:
 	Headache, Nausea, Dizziness, Somnolence



SEKATOR OD

Version 2 / GB
102000008346

4/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

- || Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.
- || Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.
- || Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:
- || Cough, Shortness of breath, Cyanosis, Fever
- || Symptoms and hazards refer to the solvent.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Risks** Contains hydrocarbon solvents. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard.
- Treatment** Treat symptomatically. Gastric lavage is not normally required. However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. In case of aspiration intubation and bronchial lavage should be considered. Monitor: kidney, liver and pancreas function. There is no specific antidote. Contraindication: derivatives of adrenaline.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable** Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
- Unsuitable** High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture In the event of fire the following may be released: Hydrogen chloride (HCl), Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective equipment for firefighters** In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Further information** Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800 807060).

**SEKATOR OD**Version 2 / GB
102000008346

5/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Additional advice Check also for any local site procedures.

6.4 Reference to other sections Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.
Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.
Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a shower. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Store bulk material and packed materials in a closed warehouse or under cover protected against direct sunlight and frost.

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials Coex HDPE/PA
Coex HDPE/EVOH/HDPE

7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Amidosulfuron	120923-37-7	5.5 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	1 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9	10 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	116 mg/m ³ /20 ppm (TWA)	2014	EU SCOELS



SEKATOR OD

Version 2 / GB
102000008346

6/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	290 mg/m ³ /50 ppm (STEL)	2014	EU SCOELS
Sodium carbonate	497-19-8	10 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Methanol	67-56-1	266 mg/m ³ /200 ppm (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
Methanol	67-56-1	333 mg/m ³ /250 ppm (STEL)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
Methanol	67-56-1	260 mg/m ³ /200 ppm (TWA)	12 2009	EU ELV
Methanol	67-56-1	200 ppm (TLV)		OES BCS*

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure.
Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.
Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.
Material Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability > 480 min
Glove thickness > 0.4 mm
Protective index Class 6
Directive Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 4 suit.
If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.
Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.

**SEKATOR OD**Version 2 / GB
102000008346

7/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Form	Liquid
Colour	yellow to light brown
Odour	aromatic
pH	9.5 - 11.0 at 10 % (23 °C) (deionized water)
Flash point	83 - 92 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	440 °C
Density	ca. 1.13 g/cm ³ at 20 °C
Water solubility	dispersible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Amidosulfuron: log Pow: -1.56 at 22 °C at pH 7 Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: log Pow: -0.7 Mefenpyr-diethyl: log Pow: 3.83 at 21 °C Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: Not applicable
Viscosity, dynamic	120 - 300 mPa.s at 20 °C Velocity gradient 20 /s 100 - 250 mPa.s at 20 °C Velocity gradient 100 /s
Viscosity, kinematic	ca. 113 mm ² /s at 40 °C Shear rate of 100/sec ca. 203 mm ² /s at 40 °C Shear rate of 20/sec
Surface tension	30.7 mN/m at 25 °C Determined in the undiluted form.
Oxidizing properties	No oxidizing properties
Explosivity	Not explosive
9.2 Other information	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1 Reactivity****Thermal decomposition** Stable under normal conditions.**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.



SEKATOR OD

Version 2 / GB
102000008346

8/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	LC50 (Rat) > 1.339 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol. Highest attainable concentration.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 4,000 mg/kg
Skin irritation	No skin irritation (Rabbit)
Eye irritation	Irritating to eyes. (Rabbit)
Sensitisation	Non-sensitizing. (Guinea pig) OECD Test Guideline 406, Buehler test Sensitising (Mouse) OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Amidosulfuron: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mefenpyr-diethyl: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: May cause respiratory irritation., Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Amidosulfuron did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment mutagenicity

Amidosulfuron was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Mefenpyr-diethyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic is not considered mutagenic.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Amidosulfuron was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Mefenpyr-diethyl was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

**SEKATOR OD**Version 2 / GB
102000008346

9/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Amidosulfuron did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.
Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Amidosulfuron did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.
Mefenpyr-diethyl caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Mefenpyr-diethyl are related to maternal toxicity.
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: This information is not available.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1 Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 8.59 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 14.6 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to aquatic plants	IC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 9.97 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h IC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 0.0187 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	Amidosulfuron: Not rapidly biodegradable Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Not rapidly biodegradable Mefenpyr-diethyl: Not rapidly biodegradable Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: rapidly biodegradable
-------------------------	--

Koc	Amidosulfuron: Koc: 36 Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Koc: 45 Mefenpyr-diethyl: Koc: 625
------------	---

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation	Amidosulfuron: Does not bioaccumulate. Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium:
------------------------	--



SEKATOR OD

Version 2 / GB
102000008346

10/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

Does not bioaccumulate.
Mefenpyr-diethyl: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 232
Does not bioaccumulate.
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil

Amidosulfuron: Mobile in soils
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Mobile in soils
Mefenpyr-diethyl: Slightly mobile in soils
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment

Amidosulfuron: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Mefenpyr-diethyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information

No other effects to be mentioned.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part of the Environment Agency in the UK).

Contaminated packaging

Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three times.
Add washings to sprayer at time of filling.
Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely.
Large containers (> 25 l or > 25 kg) should not be rinsed or re-used for any other purpose.
Return large containers to supplier.
Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

**SEKATOR OD**Version 2 / GB
102000008346

11/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017**Waste key for the unused product** **02 01 08*** agrochemical waste containing hazardous substances**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION****ADR/RID/ADN**

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Hazard no.	90

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Marine pollutant	YES

IATA

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

UK 'Carriage' Regulations

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Emergency action code	3Z

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.



SEKATOR OD

Version 2 / GB
102000008346

12/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367)

Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716)

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)

EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits

Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II

Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991

The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)

Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)

Landfill Directive

Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)

Water Resources Act 1991

Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

Further information

WHO-classification: U (Unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

**SEKATOR OD**Version 2 / GB
102000008346

13/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EH40 WEL	Worker Exposure Limit
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SI	Statutory Instrument
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.



SEKATOR OD

Version 2 / GB
102000008346

14/14

Revision Date: 11.07.2017
Print Date: 18.08.2017

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.
--