

CAUTION
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Nufarm
AVaDEX[®] TRA
Selective Herbicide

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L TRIALLATE
SOLVENT: maximum 504 g/L HYDROCARBON LIQUID

GROUP 15 HERBICIDE

For the control of Wild oats in Wheat, Triticale, Barley, Chickpeas, Peas, Lupins, Faba beans, Linseed, Canola, Mustard and Safflower and for use alone and in mixtures with TriflurX[®] for control of a range of grass and broadleaf weeds in no-till/min-till cropping systems, pre-sowing or incorporated by sowing (IBS) as per directions for use. Also for the control of Ryegrass in Oil seed poppy.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT



Grow a better tomorrow.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE**RESTRAINTS:**

DO NOT apply by aircraft.

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS - when tank mixed with TriflurX® and Terrain® 500 WG only

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at apvma.gov.au/spraydrift

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. The buffer zones in the relevant buffer zone table below provides guidance but may not be sufficient in all situations. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature inversion conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise.

DO NOT apply by a boom sprayer unless the following requirements are met:

- Spray droplets not smaller than a COARSE spray droplet size category.
- Minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory downwind buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for boom sprayers') are observed.

Buffer zones for boom sprayers

Use Situation	Mandatory downwind buffer zones	
	Natural aquatic areas	Vegetation areas
Incorporation by Sowing (IBS) Wheat (except Durum varieties) when tank mixed with Terrain® 500WG and TriflurX®	120 metres	10 metres

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Barley, Triticale, Wheat, Chickpeas, Faba beans, Lupins, Peas, Canola, Mustard (oilseed cultivars, <i>Brassica juncea</i>), Linseed, Safflower	Wild oat (<i>Avena fatua</i>)	1.6 L/ha	<p>For use in full disturbance ('Conventional') seeding systems Apply immediately prior to or up to 3 weeks before sowing to a friable seedbed under conditions which will allow for the incorporation of the product to a depth of 2 to 4 cm with either a single or double pass of suitable Incorporation equipment (see Incorporation). A delay of 1 week between application and planting is recommended for linseed.</p> <p>COMPLETE AND UNIFORM INCORPORATION OF Avadex® Xtra IS ESSENTIAL FOR WEED CONTROL. See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS for details of incorporation.</p> <p>Avadex® Xtra may be used in crops undersown with legumes. For shallow-sown legume and oil seed crops, complete incorporation by cultivation to a depth of 5 cm must be undertaken before planting.</p> <p>Avadex® Xtra may be tank mixed with Nufarm TriflurX® for control of annual ryegrass, canary grass, paradoxa grass, enhanced control of wild oats (emerging from top 1 cm of seedbed) and wireweed. DO NOT apply less than 1 week prior to planting of wheat, barley, triticale and linseed (DO NOT use the tank mix in linseed in Qld). Incorporation of this tank mix should be within 4 - 5 hours of application. Refer to the TriflurX® label incorporation details.</p> <p>Read and follow label instructions, restraints, plant-back periods and safety directions for tank mix products.</p>

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Barley, Triticale, Wheat, Canola, Mustard (oilseed cultivars, <i>Brassica juncea</i>)	Annual ryegrass (<i>Lolium rigidum</i>) (including Group D resistant biotypes) Suppression soil surface: Wild oat (<i>Avena fatua</i>) (including Group 1 resistant biotypes) Brome grass (<i>Bromus diandrus</i>)	3.2 L/ha ¹	For use in no-till/min-till Cropping Systems, Pre-Sowing or Incorporated by Sowing (IBS). Use only with knife/blade points and presswheels - refer to table 13 on TriflurX® label for method of incorporation. Avoid soils which are non-wetting or are likely to become clumpy or cloddy as they may suffer reduced weed control. Use the higher rate specified in the rate column for heavier stubble coverage and high weed density situations. Stubble coverage above 40 - 50% ground cover can reduce weed control below acceptable levels. Suppression of brome grass and barley grass may be reduced in medium to
Barley, Triticale, Wheat, Canola, Mustard (oilseed cultivars, <i>Brassica juncea</i>)	Annual ryegrass (<i>Lolium rigidum</i>) (including Group D resistant biotypes), Canary grass (<i>Phalaris</i> spp), Cereal oat (<i>Avena sativa</i>), Corn gromwell (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>), Fumitory (<i>Fumaria</i> spp), Paradoxa grass (<i>Phalaris paradoxa</i>), Sand fescue (<i>Vulpia fasciculata</i>), Silver grass (<i>Vulpia bromoides</i>), Sheepweed (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>), Rough poppy (<i>Papaver hybridum</i>), Wild oats (<i>Avena fatua</i>) (including Group 1 resistant biotypes) Winter grass (<i>Poa annua</i>), Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>), Suppression soil surface: Barley grass (<i>Hordeum leporinum</i>), Brome grass (<i>Bromus diandrus</i>), Bullhead (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>), Caltrop (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>), Deadnettle (<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>), Doublegee (<i>Emex australis</i>), Speedwell (<i>Veronica</i> spp), Three-cornered Jack (<i>Emex australis</i>), Yellow burr weed (<i>Amsinckia</i> spp), Yellowvine (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>)	1.6 - 2.4 L/ha plus 1.5 - 2 L/ha TriflurX®	high weed density situations. Insufficient incorporation of Avadex® Xtra will reduce wild oat control. Control of annual ryegrass may be poor in the first years of practising no till/ min till. Where no till/min till has been practised for at least a few years, a high proportion of wild oat seeds may germinate near the surface. In these circumstances mixing Avadex® Xtra with TriflurX® may enhance wild oat control. To maintain crop safety attention to sowing speed and soil throw is required. Avoid throwing treated soil into adjacent sowing furrows. This is especially critical at higher use rates and in cereals. Avoid sites that water log or where furrow walls may collapse as crop establishment & vigour may be reduced. Incorporate Avadex® Xtra alone and Avadex® Xtra + Bouncer tank mixtures within 48 hours of application and Avadex® Xtra + TriflurX® tank mixtures within 24 hours of application to ensure the effectiveness of these treatments. The addition of Bouncer® Herbicide may improve control of Group 1 and 3 resistant biotypes of annual ryegrass. In Tasmania, DO NOT plant oil seed poppies when a detectable residue of trifluralin is present in the soil. Levels as low as 0.02 ppm may interact with other unfavourable factors (moisture, stress, disease etc.) to reduce poppy growth and vigour. ¹ The control of annual ryegrass and suppression of brome grass is not reliable in Western Australia.
Wheat (only)	Annual ryegrass (<i>Lolium rigidum</i>) (including Group D resistant biotypes), Canary grass (<i>Phalaris</i> spp), Cereal oat (<i>Avena sativa</i>), Corn gromwell (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>), Fumitory (<i>Fumaria</i> spp), Paradoxa grass (<i>Phalaris paradoxa</i>), Sand fescue (<i>Vulpia fasciculata</i>), Silvergrass (<i>Vulpia bromoides</i>), Sheepweed (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>), Rough poppy (<i>Papaver hybridum</i>), Wild oat (<i>Avena fatua</i>) (including Group 1 resistant biotypes) Winter grass (<i>Poa annua</i>), Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>), Suppression Soil Surface - Barley grass (<i>Hordeum leporinum</i>), Brome grass (<i>Bromus diandrus</i>), Bullhead (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>), Caltrop (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>), Deadnettle (<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>), Doublegee (<i>Emex australis</i>), Speedwell (<i>Veronica</i> spp), Three-cornered Jack (<i>Emex australis</i>), Yellow burr weed <i>Amsinckia</i> spp), Yellowvine (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>)	3.2 L/ha + 2 L/ha TriflurX®	The high rate of Avadex® Xtra in tank-mix with TriflurX® may improve annual ryegrass control in situations of trifluralin resistance. The high rates may also be used for heavier stubble coverage and high weed density situations. For use in no-till/min-till Cropping Systems, Pre-Sowing or Incorporated by Sowing (IBS). Use only with knife/blade points and presswheels - refer to table 13 on TriflurX® label for method of incorporation. Avoid soils which are nonwetting or are likely to become clumpy or cloddy as they may suffer reduced weed control. Use the higher rate specified in the rate column for heavier stubble coverage and high weed density situations. Stubble coverage above 40 - 50% ground cover can reduce weed control below acceptable levels. Suppression of brome grass and barley grass may be reduced in medium to high weed density situations. Insufficient incorporation of Avadex® Xtra will reduce wild oat control. Control of annual ryegrass may be poor in the first years of practising no till/ min till. Where no till/min till has been practised for at least a few years, a high proportion of wild oat seeds may germinate near the surface. In these circumstances mixing Avadex® Xtra with TriflurX® may enhance wild oat control. To maintain crop safety attention to sowing speed and soil throw is required. Avoid throwing treated soil into adjacent sowing furrows. This is especially critical at higher use rates and in cereals. Avoid sites that water log or where furrow walls may collapse as crop establishment & vigour may be reduced. Incorporate Avadex® Xtra + TriflurX® tank mixtures within 24 hours of application to ensure effectiveness. The addition of Bouncer Herbicide may improve control of Group 1 and 3 resistant biotypes of annual ryegrass. ¹ The control of annual ryegrass and suppression of brome grass is not reliable in Western Australia.

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat (except Durum varieties)	<p>For control of: Annual ryegrass (including Group D resistant biotypes), Cereal oats, Corn gromwell (Sheepweed) (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>), Fumitory, Paradoxa grass (Canary grass) (<i>Phalaris paradoxa</i>), Phalaris spp., Rough poppy (<i>Papaver hybridum</i>), Sand fescue (<i>Vulpia fasciculata</i>), Silver grass (<i>Vulpia bromoides</i>), Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>), Wild oats (<i>Avena fatua</i>) (including Group 1 resistant biotypes), Winter grass (<i>Poa annua</i>)</p> <p>For suppression of: Canola, volunteer (<i>Brassica napus</i>), Capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>), Common chickweed (<i>Stellaria media</i>), Crassula (<i>Crassula sieberiana</i>), Indian Hedge mustard (<i>Sisymbrium orientale</i>), New Zealand spinach (<i>Tetragonia tetragonioides</i>), Prickly lettuce (<i>Lactuca serriola</i>), Sowthistle (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>), Toad rush (<i>Juncus bufonius</i>), Wild radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>), Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>)</p> <p>For improved and prolonged activity on: Black bindweed (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>), Three-horn Bedstraw (<i>Galium tricornutum</i>)</p> <p>For suppression of soil surface: Brome grass (<i>Bromus diandrus</i>), Barley grass (<i>Hordeum leporinum</i>), Caltrop (Yellowvine & Bullhead) (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>), Deadnettle (<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>), Speedwell (<i>Veronica</i> spp), Three-cornered Jack (Doublegee) (<i>Emex australis</i>), Yellow burr weed (<i>Amsinckia</i> spp)</p>	3.2 L/ha plus 120 g/ha Terrain® 500 WG plus 2 L/ha TriflurX®	<p>Control emerged weeds with a knockdown herbicide before applying the Avadex® Xtra plus Terrain® 500 WG plus TriflurX® tank mix. Sowing (incorporation by sowing (IBS)) should occur within 24 hours of application.</p> <p>For use in no-till/min-till Cropping Systems, Pre-Sowing or Incorporated by Sowing (IBS). Use only with knife/blade points and presswheels. Sow at speeds slow enough to ensure treated soil is not thrown into adjacent furrows excessively. Use high seed sowing rates and good fertilizer levels to encourage vigorous crops and thereby assist with weed control.</p> <p>Sow seed below the treated soil band; in wheat crops 3 cm. Dry weather following application may reduce effectiveness. Crop damage can occur when heavy rainfall occurs soon after application. Residual control may be reduced unless at least 25 mm rainfall occurs in the three weeks following sowing, including at least a single day of over 5 mm, to maximise activity. The period of residual activity depends on soil type, weed species and weed density.</p> <p>DO NOT use on lighter soil types (sand) as shorter periods of residual control and continued unacceptable crop safety may occur. Avoid soils which are non-wetting or are likely to become clumpy or cloddy during sowing as they will reduce activity. Stubble coverage greater than 40% ground cover can reduce activity. Refer to WHP statement for information regarding clean feed requirement prior to slaughter.</p>
Oil seed poppy	Ryegrass (<i>Lolium</i> spp.)	1.6 L/ha	<p>Make one application by boom spray or equivalent equipment between sowing and emergence in a spray volume of 150 L/ha. Spray should be incorporated into the soil by rainfall or irrigation and NOT by physical means.</p> <p>In Tasmania, DO NOT plant oil seed poppies when a detectable residue of trifluralin is present in the soil. Levels as low as 0.02 ppm may interact with other unfavourable factors (moisture, stress, disease etc.) to reduce poppy growth and vigour.</p>

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OR IN ANY MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

HARVEST: Not required when used as directed.

GRAZING:

WHEAT, BARLEY, TRITICALE, CANOLA AND MUSTARD FORAGE, HAY AND FAILED CROPS: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 12 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION. Following observation of the 12 week withholding period, **DO NOT** send animals to slaughter that have consumed treated forage, hay and failed crops **UNLESS** they are first placed on clean feed for 28 days before leaving the farm. The clean feed interval does **NOT** apply to grazing of post-harvest stubble.

CHICKPEA, FABA BEAN, LUPIN, PEA, LINSEED AND SAFFLOWER FORAGE AND FODDER: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 13 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

OIL SEED POPPY: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

WEED CONTROL

Avadex® Xtra normally provides 6 - 8 weeks control of wild oats and annual ryegrass when the seedbed is moist during the emergence period. Under very dry soil surface (top 2 cm) conditions, wild oats and annual ryegrass may not be controlled. Wild oats may emerge between application and complete incorporation by sowing particularly if initial incorporation is provided by harrows. Avadex® Xtra may not control wild oats which have germinated at the time of application and incorporation if the top 2 cm of soil is dry. Avadex® Xtra will not control emerged weeds.

CROP SAFETY

Reduced emergence of cereals may occur if seed is placed in treated soil layer. **DO NOT** plant cereal crops at greater than 5 - 7 cm. Over-spraying of headlands or corners may result in crop damage. On heavy clay soils, crop thinning may occur in wheel tracks. Environmental conditions which adversely affect emergence or early crop growth, may predispose crops to injury, particularly where tank mixes with other pre-emergence herbicides are used. Read and follow label directions, restraints, plantback periods and safety directions for tank mix products.

SOIL PERSISTENCE AND FOLLOWING CROPS

Under prolonged and extremely dry conditions Avadex® Xtra may persist for several months. Damage to field oats and sorghum may occur.

SPRAY APPLICATIONS AND DRIFT RISK ASSESSMENT

GROUND SPRAYER APPLICATION - Use 40 - 100 L/ha of water.

USE ONLY COARSE or larger spray quality according to the ASAE S572 definition for standard nozzles. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns at the top of the weed canopy. Use the higher water rate when applying into stubble situations.

Apply to soil in friable condition so that uniform incorporation of the product can be achieved to a depth of 2 - 4 cm. The soil should be free of large clods (>75 mm) and should not have crop or weed residue at a level which will interfere with the free flow of soil through planting equipment providing full soil disturbance. Emerged wild oats or ryegrass should be controlled either by prior cultivation/application of a knockdown herbicide or by the tank mixing of a knockdown herbicide with Avadex® Xtra. A 50 mesh primary pressure filter and 80 mesh secondary pressure filter(s) are recommended. The use of in-line nozzle filters is not recommended.

Checklist:

- Have you cleaned/decontaminated your boom sprayer?
- Have you contacted your neighbour prior to spraying?
- Is your sprayer set-up correctly for the particular application?
- Check
 - boom calibration
 - at nozzle- nozzle choice
 - low drift/what spray quality
 - coarse or larger spray quality?
 - boom height- speed of intended application
 - water volume
- You must check, determine and record the weather conditions immediately prior to, and immediately after the spray application is made.
- Record
 - temperatures
 - relative humidity
 - Delta T
 - wind speed
 - is there a temperature inversion?
- Night Spraying - Extra care is required to ensure that inversion conditions are not present. Use smoke generator to determine wind direction and presence of inversion conditions.

For further information refer to nufarm.com.au/spraywise

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Nufarm Avadex® Xtra is an Emulsifiable Concentrate which mixes readily with water. Ensure the spray tank is free of any residue of previous spray materials.

1. Fill the spray tank with clean water to one half of the required amount and start agitation. **DO NOT** use mechanical agitators as these may cause excessive foaming when herbicides are added.
2. Where Bonus is recommended add to tank through top mesh screen.
3. Add Avadex® Xtra and mix thoroughly.
4. Add recommended herbicide additive/insecticide to the spray tank and mix thoroughly.
5. Top up tank to 95% of desired capacity then add the weedmaster® product (if required) and the remaining water.
6. When Nufarm Activator surfactant is used, add near the end of the filling process to minimise foaming.
7. Always maintain adequate agitation during application and use the tank mix promptly.

INCORPORATION – Conventional systems

Two pass incorporation provides superior weed control to single pass incorporation on heavier textured soils.

- (i) Avadex® Xtra may be incorporated initially in a suitable cultivated seedbed with either heavy 5 row harrows e.g. Phoenix harrow, or tyned cultivator. Final incorporation with a combine or airseeder/cultivator is essential to provide for maximum weed control. Heavy tyned harrows or a rotary harrow should trail the planter or follow as a separate operation at an angle to the planter to complete incorporation. Ensure that the soil surface is left free of pronounced ridging.
- (ii) On soils in friable condition, Avadex® Xtra may be incorporated with the planting operation only up to 24 hours following application onto a dry soil surface or up to 6 hours on moist surface soil. If Avadex® Xtra has been sprayed on dry soil, and it rains before incorporation is planned, the product must be incorporated within 6 hours to retain its herbicide effectiveness. Planting should be carried out with a combine or airseeder/cultivator which provides full soil disturbance. Heavy tyned harrows or a rotary harrow should trail the planter or follow as a separate operation to complete incorporation. Ensure that the soil surface is left free of pronounced ridging.

DO NOT operate incorporation equipment at greater than 5 - 7 cm depth.

Where soil is wet at planting, poor incorporation may result. For shallow-sown legume and oil-seed crops, complete incorporation by cultivation to a depth of 5 cm must be undertaken before planting.

Note that point size should be matched to tyne spacing to avoid uneven incorporation. For example, a wideline seeder with 15 cm tyne spacing should be fitted with unworn 15 cm points. A combine with 9 cm spacing should be fitted with an evenly worn set of 10 cm points. Sweeps or other low profile points may not provide satisfactory incorporation.

COMPATIBILITY

Avadex® Xtra is compatible with: Activator®, Bouncer® 960S, Boxer Gold*, Credit® and Bonus®, Diurex WG, Nufarm Crucial® Advanced Technology Herbicide, Gladiator CT, Revolver®, Sakura*, Shirquat® 250, Terbazine 875WG, Terrain 500WG, TriflurX®, weedmaster® ARGO®, weedmaster® DST® and Yield*. Avadex® Xtra is biologically suitable to be mixed with atrazine, diuron, propyzamide or simazine but as formulations vary please check physical compatibility prior to tank mixing.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP	15	HERBICIDE
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Nufarm Avadex® Xtra Selective Herbicide is a member of the thiocarbamate group of herbicides. Avadex® Xtra has the inhibition of fat synthesis mode of action. For weed resistance management Avadex® Xtra is a Group 15 herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Avadex® Xtra and other Group 15 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These weeds will not be controlled by Avadex® Xtra or other Group 15 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Nufarm Australia Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Avadex® Xtra to control resistant weeds.

PRECAUTION

RE-ENTRY: DO NOT enter treated areas until the spray has dried, unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to fish. Very toxic to aquatic life. **DO NOT** contaminate wetlands or watercourses with this product or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. **DO NOT** store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. **DO NOT** dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. **DO NOT** burn empty containers or product.

Refillable Containers

Store in the closed, original container in a cool well ventilated area. **DO NOT** store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of sale for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if inhaled or swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. **DO NOT** inhale vapour or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container, mixing and loading and preparing spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves, goggles and half facepiece respirator. When using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and elbow length PVC gloves. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles and respirator (if rubber wash with detergent and warm water) and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766. If swallowed, **DO NOT** induce vomiting.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS (WHS REGULATIONS 2011)

Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Combustible liquid. Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye and face protection. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists or skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS), which can be obtained from the supplier or the Nufarm website – nufarm.com.au.

In case of emergency: Phone 1800 033 498. Ask for shift supervisor. Toll free 24 hours.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

"Any provisions or rights under the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 or relevant state legislation which cannot be excluded by those statutes or by law are not intended to be excluded by these conditions of sale. Subject to the foregoing, all warranties, conditions, rights and remedies, expressed or implied under common law, statute or otherwise, in relation to the sale, supply, use or application of this product, are excluded. Nufarm Australia Limited and/or its affiliates ("Nufarm") shall not accept any liability whatsoever (including consequential loss), or howsoever arising (including negligence) for any damage, injury or death connected with the sale, supply, use or application of this product except for liability which cannot be excluded by statute."

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*Other trade marks

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