

POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Kamba[®] 750 >

SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 750 g/L DICAMBA
present as the dimethylamine and monomethylamine salts

GROUP I HERBICIDE

For the control of certain broadleaf weeds in winter cereals, pastures (including plantain pastures), conservation tillage, sugar cane, turf, rice and non-crop areas.



Nufarm

DIRECTIONS FOR USE**RESTRAINTS**

DO NOT spray when rain seems likely to occur within 4 hours.

DO NOT spray when weeds are wet with dew or rain or under stress from drought, low soil fertility, extreme cold or water logging.

DO NOT spray outside recommended crop growth as crop damage may result.

DO NOT apply to crops or pastures with clover, lucerne or medic.

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

DO NOT apply when wind speed is less than 3 or more than 20 kilometres per hour as measured at the application site.

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat, Oats, Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye From 5 leaf to early tillering (Z15-22)	Double gee (Three-cornered Jack, Spiny emex), Wireweed (Hogweed), Seedling docks, Tares, Hexham scent (Melilotus) Wild turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>), Soldier thistle, Mustards, Wild radish, Capeweed, Common ice-plant, Charlock, Ward's weed, Vetch, Turnip weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>)	All States	105 mL/ha + 465 mL/ha of Agritone® 750	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are in the 2-4 leaf stage. In some instances suppression only of Wireweed (Hogweed) and Capeweed will occur.
Wheat, Oats, Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye From 5 leaf early tillering stage until the fully tillered stage and before jointing occurs (Z15, 21-30)	Double gee (Three-cornered Jack, Spiny emex), Wireweed, Vetch, Variegated thistle, Tares, Sunflower, Hexham scent (Melilotus), Docks	SA only	185 mL/ha	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette stage. When weeds DO NOT form a rosette, spray when they have not more than 8 true leaves. In some instances suppression only of Wireweed (Hogweed) and Climbing buckwheat (Black bindweed) will occur.
	Double gee (Three-cornered Jack, Spiny emex), Climbing buckwheat (Black bindweed), Clover, Hexham scent (Melilotus), Docks	WA only		
	New Zealand spinach, Climbing buckwheat (Black bindweed), Double gee (Three-cornered Jack, Spiny emex), Wireweed (Hogweed), Hexham scent (Melilotus), Docks, Clover, Fat hen, Variegated thistle, Scotch (Cotton or Woolly) thistle, Sunflowers, Vetch, Tree hogweed	Qld, NSW, Vic only		
Wheat, Oats, Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye From 5 leaf early tillering stage until the fully tillered stage and before jointing occurs (Z15, 21-30)	Wild turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>), Radish, Mustards, Tares, Charlock, Capeweed, Sorrel, Saffron thistle, Chickweed, Clover, Common ice-plant, Hoary cress, Ward's weed, Turnip weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>)	SA only	185 mL/ha + 665 mL/ha Agritone® 750 or 715 mL/ha Amicide® Advance 700	DO NOT use Kamba® 750 plus Amicide Advance 700 in Oats in SA. If any of these weeds are found in these cereal crops as well as the above weeds, the addition of Agritone 750 OR Amicide Advance 700 is essential. Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette stage. In some instances, suppression only of Wireweed (Hogweed), Capeweed and Hoary cress will occur. A mixture with Amicide Advance 700 must not be used in Tasmania.
	Common ice-plant	WA only	215 mL/ha + 570mL/ha of Amicide® Advance 700	
	Chickweed, Sorrel, Wireweed	WA only	270 mL/ha OR 185mL/ha + 800 mL/ha of Agritone® 750 or 570 mL/ha of Amicide® Advance 700	
	Mintweed	NSW, Qld only	185 mL/ha + 800 mL/ha of Agritone® 750 or 500 mL/ha of Amicide® Advance 700	
	Wild turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>), Radish, Mustards, Tares, Charlock, Capeweed, Sorrel, Saffron thistle, Chickweed, Turnip weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>)	Qld, Vic, NSW, Tas only		
Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye From early tillering (4-5 fully emerged main stem leaves, plus one or more tillers) until fully tillered and before the start of jointing (Z21-30)	Climbing buckwheat (Black bindweed), Dead nettle, Turnip weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>), Wireweed, Wild turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>)	NSW, Qld only	135-185 mL/ha + 5-7 g/ha Associate®	Spray when weeds have no more than 8 true leaves. Use higher rate on larger weeds. Tank mixes of Kamba® 750 and Associate® may result in reduced control of Wireweed in some situations.
Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye From 5 leaf until fully tillered and before jointing occurs (Z21-30)	Volunteer peas	SA only	40 mL/ha + 1 L/ha Kamba® M	Apply when most peas are 5-7 cm high.
Wheat, Oats From 5 leaf until fully tillered and before jointing occurs (Z15-30)			80 mL/ha + 1 L/ha Kamba® M	
Rice Pre - Sowing Post - Sowing either before permanent water or until rice is at the mid tillering stage	Docks	NSW, NT, QLD, VIC.	270 mL/ha (seedling docks) 375 mL/ha (mature docks)	Pre-sowing: DO NOT cultivate or graze for 14 days after spraying. Post-sowing: Preferably apply before the application of permanent water. If permanent water has been applied Kamba® 750 can be applied up to the mid-tillering stage, provided the docks are exposed. Use 100 L/ha for boom application.

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Pinus Radiata Plantations At least 10 months prior to planting pines	Sorrel (in pastures to be planted to pines)	All States	735 mL/ha OR 375 mL/ha + 895 mL/ha Amicide® Advance 700	Apply in September/October period before the sorrel flowers. Add Nufarm Activator or another non-ionic wetting agent to the mixture.
	Naturally regenerated pines	SA, Vic, NSW only	1.35-5.4 L/ha	Use the high rate where total control is essential. Apply in Spring.
Sugarcane Post-emergence	Bathurst burr, Bellvine, Blackberry nightshade, Calopo, Caltrop, Cleome, Cobbler's pegs, Common sow thistle, Convolvulus, Fat hen, Green amaranth, Khaki weed, Noogoora burr, Parthenium weed, Perennial gooseberry, Pigweed, Pinkburr, Redroot amaranth, Sensitive plant, Sida-retusa, Tar vine, Thickhead, Thornapple	NSW, Qld, WA, NT only	375 mL/ha	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are in the young rosette stage or when they have not more than 8 true leaves. Method of Application: By boom spray as an overall directed spray, applying 100-250 L of water per hectare or by aircraft applying 45 L per hectare.
	Amaranthus, Black (Giant) pigweed, Caltrop, Mintweed, Noogoora burr, Pigweed, Thornapple (Datura)	NSW, Qld, NT only	185 mL/ha + 1.2 kg/ha Atradex® 900WG OR 215 mL/ha + 1 kg/ha Atradex® 900WG	Apply when weeds have 3-5 true leaves. DO NOT apply in hot dry conditions. Apply by boom spray as an overall spray applying 50-250 L of water per hectare. Use the higher rate Kamba® 750 where Caltrop is present.
Potatoes	Clover, Docks, Wireweed (Hogweed), Thistles, Chickweed, Climbing buckwheat (Black bindweed), Black nightshade, Fat hen	Tas only	335-800 mL/ha	Apply after haulm senescence in sufficient water to give even coverage. May be mixed with Amitrole T or Amicide Advance 700 to improve spectrum of weeds controlled. Refer to respective labels of these herbicides for application rates. Nufarm Activator for improved coverage. NOTE: DO NOT apply when potato haulms are still green.

SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE			CRITICAL COMMENTS
			Per ha	High Vol Per 100L	Per 15L K'Sack	
Grass Pastures and Perennial Grass Seed Crops	Cotton (Woolly or True scotch) thistle, Variegated thistle, Star thistle, Black or Spear thistle, Illyrian thistle, Double gee (Three-cornered Jack, Spiny emex), Parthenium weed, Smartweed (Water pepper), Hexham scent (Melilotus), Stemless thistle, Caltrop (Yellow vine), Horehound and <i>Rumex</i> spp, including Curled and Broadleaf docks	All States	185-375 mL for seedlings	27 mL for seedlings	7 mL for seedlings	When applying by boom spray use 110-280 L of mixture per hectare. Add Nufarm Activator® to spray mix.
			375-735 mL for young mature plants	50 mL for young mature plants	12 mL for young mature plants	
	185 mL + 570 mL of Amicide Advance 700		13.5 mL + 45 mL of Amicide Advance 700	4 mL + 11 mL of Amicide Advance 700		
Plantain pastures (seedling and established)	Common ice-plant, Hoary cress, Sorrel and Saffron thistle		185-375 mL/ha	-	-	DO NOT apply to pastures with clover. Spray to actively growing weeds when they have no more than 8 true leaves. Use higher rate on larger weeds. Apply to seedling plantain from 4 true leaf stage onwards. In established plantain pasture; if heavy grazing has occurred, allow weed regrowth to 6-8 cm before spraying. Plantain may display visual symptoms of leaf twisting/distortion and loss of biomass; these effects are temporary. Tolerance of Kamba® 750 to plantain varieties other than PGG seeds 'Tonic' have not been tested. The use of adjuvants is not recommended.
	Slender thistle, Variegated thistle Suppression of Patersons curse, Wireweed, Capeweed					

SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE			CRITICAL COMMENTS
			Per ha	High Vol Per 100L	Per 15L K'Sack	
Non-Crop Situation	Annual ragweed, Blue heliotrope, Burr ragweed, Galvanised burr, Ground cherry, Ox-Eye daisy, Perennial ragweed, Russian knapweed, Skeleton weed, Wild (Field or Crow) garlic		5.9 L	400 mL	87 mL	Use a minimum of 1500 L/ha water carrier. Add Nufarm Activator. Spray Russian knapweed at flowering. Spray Angled onion weed, Bladder campion, Ox-Eye daisy and Paterson's curse before flowering. Spray Wild garlic during Spring before bulbs start to form and respray later if dormant bulbs shoot. Spray prior to flowering. Blackberry nightshade at seedling stage. For Creeping knotweed apply in early Summer to actively growing plants. For Slender ice-plant and Khaki weed spray when actively growing at young rosette stage. For Rubber vine apply in Autumn during active growth. DO NOT use knapsack application for spot spraying of Poverty weed and Mist flower.
	California (Perennial or Canada) thistle, Field bindweed, Paterson's curse, Prairie ground cherry, Ragwort, Stinking mayweed (Foetid Chamomile)		2.7 L	185 mL	40 mL	
	Afghan thistle, Artichoke thistle, Star thistle		1.1 L	67 mL	16 mL	
	Horehound, Angled onion weed (Three-cornered garlic), Bladder campion, Cotton (Woolly or True scotch) thistle, Docks, Sorrel, Stemless thistle, Variegated (or spotted) thistle		800 mL	53 mL	12 mL	
	Illyrian thistle, Parthenium weed, Smart-weed		40 0mL	27 mL	7 mL	
	Poverty weed	SA only		1.35 L		
	Mist flower	Qld, NT only	8 L	535 mL		
	Blackberry nightshade	WA only	215-375 mL		3.3-6 mL	
	Creeping knotweed		800 mL-1.6L		12-24 mL	
	Slender ice-plant		215 m + 570 mL Amicide® Advance 700		4 mL	
	Khaki weed		400 mL		6 mL	
	Rubber vine		935 mL		15 mL	
	Grass Pastures and Non-Crop	Rubber vine	Qld, NT only	1.35-2.7 L + 3 L Estercide® Xtra 680	95-185 mL + 205 mL Estercide® Xtra 680	
Turf	Catsear, Cudweeds, Pennyworth, Lamb's tongue, Fleabanes, Fumitory, Wireweed, Chickweed, Cotula, Sorrel, Dock, Clovers, Capeweed, Toad rush, Peppergrass, Dandelion, Medics, Scarlet pimpernel, Creeping Oxalis, Pearlwort, Trefoil, Yarrow, Bindy-Eye, Jo-Jo (Onehunga)	All States	800 mL + 3 L Amicide® Advance 700	53 mL + 180 mL Amicide® Advance 700	12 mL + 45 mL Amicide® Advance 700	Use a minimum of 1000 L/ha water carrier. DO NOT spray on Buffalo grass, Bent grass, Lippia or Strawberry clover. Spray when weeds are young and actively growing.
	Fat hen, Red flowered mallow, Purple - Top, Stagger weed, Swine cress	NSW, NT, SA, Qld, WA, Tas only				
Woody Species	Mimosa (<i>Mimosa pigra</i>)	NT only	1.35-1.6 L	270 mL	40 mL	Apply to actively growing plants. Preferably apply during wet season. Retreatment may be necessary to control seeding regrowth (for application see General Instructions).

ADDITIONAL RESTRAINTS FOR CONSERVATION TILLAGE

When grass and broadleaf weeds are present, use a mixture of Kamba® 750 and CRUCIAL® (or an alternative glyphosate product listed below).

DO NOT disturb treated weeds by cultivation, sowing or grazing for 1 day after treatment of annual weeds and 7 days for perennial weeds.

DO NOT treat weeds heavily covered with dust or silt.

DO NOT apply if rainfall is likely within 6 hours of application.

Observe plant back periods listed under General Instructions.

When applying to dry soil surfaces, at least 15mm rainfall is required before the plant back period begins.

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Seed Bed Salvage, Conservation tillage, Direct Drilling For weed control in fallow, stubble or pasture prior to sowing with a full disturbance implement	Amaranthus, (Red shank), Native amaranth, Sow thistle, Turnip weed, Wireweed (Hogweed), Medics, Variegated thistle, Wild mustard, Docks, Paterson's curse	Qld, NSW, Vic, SA, WA, NT only	105-160 mL/ha + CRUCIAL® at 600-1200 mL/ha*	If excessively wet conditions occur shortly after application or sowing some retardation of crop establishment may occur in certain broadleaf crops. Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette or pre-tillering stage. Use the lower rate when weeds are prior to tillering or seedlings. Increase to the higher rate as weeds reach tillering or are 10-15 cm diameter/high. In grazed situations if heavy grazing has occurred allow regrowth to 6-8 cm high before spraying. Visible symptoms of weed control may not be apparent for 10-21 days. * Refer to Nufarm CRUCIAL® Advanced Technology Herbicide label for application rates for each weed. Alternatively to CRUCIAL®, add the equivalent amount of glyphosate with the products Nufarm weedmaster® DST® Dual Salt Technology Herbicide, Nufarm weedmaster® DUO® Dual Salt Technology Herbicide Gladiator® CT Herbicide, or Nufarm weedmaster® ARGO® Dual Salt Technology Herbicide.
	Apple of Peru, Mintweed, Noogoora burr, Yellow vine (Caltrop), Climbing buckwheat (Black bindweed), Thornapple, Wild or Prickly lettuce	Qld, NSW, NT only		
	Volunteer field peas, Tree hogweed, Capeweed	NSW, Vic, SA, WA only		
	Sorrel	WA, SA, Vic, NSW only		

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Direct Drilling, conservation tillage, no-till fallow, minimum tillage, and all between cropping applications	Clover	All States	135 mL/ha	Add to CRUCIAL® (or an alternative glyphosate product listed above) or Revolver® as required (mixtures of Revolver® plus Kamba 750 must not be used in Tas). Follow label recommended rates.
	Double gee (Three-cornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Wireweed, Vetch, Docks, Tares, Sunflower, Hexham scent (Melilotus), Variegated thistle	SA only	185 mL/ha	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette stage, when they have not more than 8 true leaves.
	Double gee (Three-cornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Climbing buckwheat (Black bindweed), Hexham scent (Melilotus), Docks	WA only		
	New Zealand spinach	Qld, NSW, NT only		
	Climbing buckwheat (Black bindweed), Double gee (Three-cornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Wireweed (Hogweed), Hexham scent (Melilotus), Docks, Fat hen, Variegated thistle, Scotch (Cotton or Woolly) thistle, Sunflowers, Vetch, Tree hogweed	Qld, NSW, Tas, Vic, NT only		
	Chickweed, Sorrel, Wireweed	WA only	270 mL/ha	
	Common ice-plant, Hoary cress, Sorrel, Saffron thistle	All States	185 mL/ha + 570 mL/ha Amicide® Advance 700	
	Caltrop (Yellow vine), Datura, Bathurst and Noogoora burrs, Parthenium weed, Amaranthus, Mintweed, Annual gooseberry, Blackberry nightshade, Fat hen, Sunflower, Seedling perennial gooseberry, Seedling khaki weed, Bellvine, Cobbler's pegs, Star thistle, Black or Spear thistle, Ilyrian thistle, Double gee (Three-cornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Smartweed (Water pepper), Stemless thistle, Horehound and Rumex spp including Curled and Broadleaf docks		215-375 mL/ha for seedlings	Apply when weeds have at least 3-5 true leaves and are actively growing. DO NOT treat weeds which are beyond the rosette stage. Use higher rate on large weeds.
Convolvulus, Sida-retusa, Sensitive Plant, Pinkburr, Cleome, Centro, Thickhead, Tar vine	Qld, NSW, NT, Vic, Tas, WA only			

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OR IN ANY MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHOLDING PERIOD

DO NOT HARVEST, GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Spray when weeds are young and actively growing, and unless stated otherwise, before the 3-5 true leaf stage.

CROP SAFETY

Yield reduction has occurred in some small cereal varieties sprayed with twice label rates at early timings. Observe label rates and timings and avoid excessive spray overlap at early application timings.

A temporary wilting may be evident in some crops after application.

If seasonal conditions are unusually late or dry, seek further advice as crop damage may result from spraying under these conditions.

Growers should seek advice before spraying recently released cereal varieties.

If another herbicide is used as a tank mix, observe the varietal tolerance restrictions on that label.

APPLICATION

For Boom Application: Apply by a properly calibrated boom spray using not less than 50 L of water/ha unless indicated otherwise in Critical Comments column.

For Aerial Application: Apply at least 25 L total spray volume/ha. The aircraft should fly as low as practical under the prevailing conditions to minimise drift.

For High Volume Application: Apply minimum 1500 L/ha.

For Knapsack Application: A 15 L knapsack treats 150 m².

MIMOSA CONTROL

Broadacre application - Apply 1.35-1.6 L/ha in 60 L water/ha. Helicopter application preferred.

High Volume application - Apply 270 mL in 110 L water using ground equipment. Thoroughly wet all leaves and stems of the plant.

Basal Bark application - Apply 40 mL in 15 L water to plants of less than 5 cm basal diameter. Spray liberally all around the base and 25-40cm up the stem.

Cut Stump application - Apply 40 mL in 15 L water on plants up to 10 cm basal diameter. Cut trees as close to ground level as is possible and spray the freshly cut surface before the sap dries.

Note: A temporary wilting may be evident in crops after application. If seasonal conditions are late or dry seek further advice before spraying as damage may result from spraying crops under these conditions. Growers should seek advice before spraying recently released cereal varieties. Certain maize varieties may develop clubfoot of the prop roots.

PLANT BACK PERIODS for Conservation Tillage

Wait for the following periods before planting the following crops into soils sprayed with the product. If applied to a dry soil, at least 15 mm of rainfall is required before the Plant Back Period begins.

Note: if water-logging occurs shortly after sowing, the product may cause some reduction in crop vigour. Use as directed only in the States indicated.

NSW, VIC, SA, WA, TAS

Rate/ha	PLANT BACK PERIOD (DAYS)									
	Wheat	Barley	Oats	Triticale	Rye	Lupins	Clover/ Medics	Mung beans	Sunflower	Safflower
135 mL	1	1	1	1	1	7	7	5	1	14
185 mL	7	7	7	7	7	14	14	5	7	21
375 mL	14	14	14	14	14	21	21	10	14	28

NSW, VIC, SA, WA, TAS

Rate/ha	PLANT BACK PERIOD (DAYS)								
	Pigeon peas	Soybeans	Millet	Cotton	Sorghum	Maize	Rapeseed	Field peas	Chick peas
135 mL	5	5	1	7	1	1	7	N.D.*	N.D.*
185 mL	5	5	3	7	3	3	10	14	21
375 mL	10	10	7	14	7	7	14	21	28

* Not determined

QLD, NT ONLY

Rate/ha	CROP	PLANT BACK PERIOD
105-160 mL	Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale, Commercial Rye, Sorghum, Maize, Millet, Sunflowers	1 day
	Soybeans, Mung beans, Pigeon peas	5 days
	Cotton, Rapeseed	7 days

Note: For Qld, NT only: For all crops and rates above 160 mL/ha – Plant Back Period 21 days.

Following Potato haulm destruction in Tas: For rates and crops not included above, a Plant Back Period of 6 weeks applies generally and 8 weeks for seed crops.

SPRAY APPLICATIONS AND DRIFT RISK ASSESSMENT

DO NOT apply when wind speed is less than 3 or more than 20 kilometres per hour as measured at the application site.

USE ONLY COARSE spray droplet size category.

For aerial application it is recommended where possible for this product to be applied by an aerial applicator business that holds current accreditation for the Aerial Application Management System issued by the Aerial Agricultural Association of Australia Ltd.

Checklist:

- Have you cleaned/decontaminated your boom sprayer?
- Have you contacted your neighbour prior to spraying?
- Is your sprayer set-up correctly for the particular application?
- Check
 - boom calibration
 - at nozzle - nozzle choice
 - low drift/what spray quality
 - coarse or larger spray quality?
 - boom height - speed of intended application
 - water volume
- You must check, determine and record the weather conditions immediately prior to, and immediately after the spray application is made.
- Record
 - Temperatures
 - Relative Humidity
 - Delta T
 - Wind speed
 - Is there a temperature inversion?
- Night Spraying - Extra care is required to ensure that inversion conditions are not present. Use smoke generator to determine wind direction and presence of inversion conditions.

For further information refer to nufarm.com.au/spraywise



spraywisedecisions.com.au is an online weather forecasting program and is recommended for use when planning your pesticide application

APPLICATION INFORMATION**In Crop Use:**

GROUND SPRAYER APPLICATION - Use 50-250 L/ha of water.

AERIAL APPLICATION - Use 40-90 L/ha of water.

Fallow use:

GROUND SPRAYER APPLICATION -

Application of Kamba 750 plus CRUCIAL (or an alternative glyphosate product listed in the Directions for Use) in a minimum spray volume of 50 L/ha is recommended. When simazine and/or atrazine is included in the mixture a minimum spray volume of 100 L/ha is recommended. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns at the top of the weed canopy.

AERIAL EQUIPMENT-

Application of Kamba 750 and glyphosate mixtures using boom equipment should occur in a minimum spray volume of 50 L/ha.

DO NOT apply by aircraft when temperature is above 35°C.

DO NOT use in intensive horticultural cropping areas. Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear after each day of spraying to remove herbicide residues.

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND USAGE

Equipment that has been used for this chemical should not be used for the application of other materials to sensitive plants, unless it has been well washed out with hot soapy water or 1% solution of ammonia, followed by several clear water rinses or use Tank & Equipment Cleaner. If using a Sulfonylurea herbicides (Lusta®, Glean®, Ally® or Associate®), follow decontamination procedures detailed on those product labels.

A 50 mesh primary filter and 80 mesh secondary filter(s) are recommended.

The use of in-line nozzle filters is not recommended.

Mixtures with CRUCIAL (or an alternative glyphosate product listed in the Directions for Use): Spray solutions of Kamba 750 and CRUCIAL should be mixed, stored and applied only in stainless steel, aluminium, brass, copper, fibreglass, plastic-lined containers. **DO NOT** mix, store or apply spray solutions in galvanised steel or unlined steel (except stainless steel) containers or spray tanks. Kamba 750 / CRUCIAL spray solutions may react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture that can flash or explode if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

COMPATIBILITY

Kamba 750 is compatible with CRUCIAL, Flowable Igran*, weedmaster® DST®, weedmaster® DUO, weedmaster® ARGO®, Gladiator® CT, Revolver®, Lusta®, Associate®, Amicide® Advance 700, Estericide® Xtra 680, Estericide® 800, Diurex, Ordram* (Molinate), Polo® LVE 570. Also compatible with Atradex® but when used with Atradex some temporary visible effects in the crop growth may be observed.

MIXING

Add the required amount of the product directly to the spray tank and mix well.

Mixing Order

1. Fill the spray tank to at least 70% full, run agitation.
2. Add any water conditioners i.e Liase
3. Add any Water Dispersible Granules.
4. Add any Suspension Concentrate products.
5. Add any Emulsifiable Concentrate products.
6. Add Kamba 750.
7. Fill the spray tank to nearly full.
8. Add any Weedmaster products.
9. Add any adjuvants and fill the tank.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP	I	HERBICIDE
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Kamba 750 Herbicide is a member of the Benzoic acid group of herbicides. Kamba 750 has the Disruptor of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management Kamba 750 is a Group I Herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to Kamba 750 and other Group I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Kamba 750 or other Group I Herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Nufarm Australia Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Kamba 750 to control resistant weeds.

RE-ENTRY PERIODS

For application rates below 2.7 L/ha

Re-entry is not allowed until the product has dried, unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

For control of poverty weed in non-crop situations

DO NOT enter treated areas:

- For 16 days* unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

For control of mist flower in non-crop situations

DO NOT enter treated areas:

- For 8 days* unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

For control of weeds* (other than poverty weed and mist flower) in non-crop situations (application rates above 2.7 L/ha)

DO NOT enter treated areas:

- For 5 days* unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

*No re-entry interval is required for application rates lower than 2.7 L/ha (once product has dried).

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Spray equipment must be calibrated accurately prior to working on crops. Keep container sealed (airtight) when not in use. To prevent damage, **DO NOT** permit drift or vapour or spray mist to come into contact with fruit and ornamental trees, vines, vegetables, flowers, tobacco or any other field crop. Minimise spray drift by using low pressure and nozzles which **DO NOT** give a fine droplet size. **DO NOT** apply this product on or near desirable trees or plants or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots. All spray equipment must be thoroughly washed out after use and must not be used for spraying horticultural crops. **DO NOT** use at higher rate than recommended.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK, WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEA AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT use container for any other purpose. **DO NOT** contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. **DO NOT** store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

For non-returnable containers:

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. **DO NOT** dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. **DO NOT** burn empty containers or product.

For RETURNABLE containers:

Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive. Attacks eyes. Will damage skin. Will irritate the nose and throat. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. **DO NOT** inhale vapour. When opening the container and preparing spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves and face shield. If applying by aerial spraying equipment, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing). If applying by boomspray equipment, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing). In addition, wear elbow-length chemical resistant gloves when using in an open-cab. If applying in excess of 400 kg product per day by open cab, wear cotton overalls over normal clothing buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat and elbow-length chemical-resistant gloves. If applying by spraying equipment carried on the back of the user, low pressure or high pressure handwand equipment, wear cotton overalls over normal clothing buttoned to the neck and wrist, and a washable hat, elbow-length chemical-resistant gloves, face shield or goggles and a half facepiece respirator. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use wash gloves, face shield or goggles, respirator and if rubber wash with detergent and warm water, and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor, or Poisons Information Centre (Phone 13 11 26).

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS (WHS REGULATIONS 2011)

Causes serious eye damage. Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. **DO NOT** eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye and face protection. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) which can be obtained from your supplier or from the Nufarm website – nufarm.com.au

In case of emergency: Phone 1800 033 498 Ask for shift supervisor. Toll free 24 hours.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

"Any provisions or rights under the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 or relevant state legislation which cannot be excluded by those statutes or by law are not intended to be excluded by these conditions of sale. Subject to the foregoing, all warranties, conditions, rights and remedies, expressed or implied under common law, statute or otherwise, in relation to the sale, supply, use or application of this product, are excluded. Nufarm Australia Limited and/or its affiliates ("Nufarm") shall not accept any liability whatsoever (including consequential loss), or howsoever arising (including negligence) for any damage, injury or death connected with the sale, supply, use or application of this product except for liability which cannot be excluded by statute."

Nufarm Australia Limited
ACN 004 377 780
103-105 Pipe Road
Laverton North Victoria 3026
Tel: (03) 9282 1000
nufarm.com.au

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APVMA Approval No.: 69302/126264